FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For

JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO

For year ended

MARCH 31, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of

JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jewish Vocational Service of Metropolitan Toronto (the "Agency'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as at March 31, 2019 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Agency in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Agency or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Agency's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Agency to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario June 19, 2019.

JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (note 3) Accounts receivable (note 15) Grants receivable HST receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,578,582 334,893 1,171,886 138,538 45,131 3,269,030	\$ 1,580,001 253,477 1,653,101 120,329 49,114 3,656,022
AMOUNTS ON DEPOSIT IN TRUST ACCOUNTS (note 4)	223,011	244,854
EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFIT ASSET (note 5)	540,800	521,800
CAPITAL ASSETS (note 6)	2,417,756 3,181,567	2,144,234 2,910,888
	\$ 6,450,597	\$ 6,566,910
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred contributions (note 7)	\$ 1,777,435	\$ 2,147,915 1,014,085 3,162,000
DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS (note 7)	212,109	225,807
DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (note 8)	1,432,434 1,644,543	1,128,183 1,353,990
NET ASSETS Unrestricted Pension remeasurements and other items Endowments Invested in capital assets (note 9) Internally restricted (note 10)	826,317 (836,673) 88,620 985,322 1,249,497 2,313,083 \$ 6,450,597	616,432 (766,640) 85,580 1,016,051 1,099,497 2,050,920 \$ 6,566,910

Approved on behalf of the Board:

JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

_	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Revenue		
Grants (note 7 and 11)	\$ 15,713,873	\$ 15,198,943
Fees for service	1,023,234	1,427,257
Workshop sales	-	2,612
Other income	49,472	43,659
Recognition of deferred contributions (note 7)	154,043	111,031
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 8)	<u> 189,979</u>	104,780
	<u> 17,130,601</u>	16,888,282
Function		
Expenses	0.004.040	0.405.504
Salaries	8,221,640	8,105,521
Employee benefits	1,623,170	1,633,595
Client	3,071,374	3,317,228
Rent and occupancy	1,118,744	994,424
Purchased services	776,001	524,656
Miscellaneous	589,227	389,340
Office	473,766	522,405
Delivery partners	401,053	349,212
Amortization of capital assets	229,389	138,703
Computer maintenance	<u>297,081</u>	310,257
	16,801,445	16,285,341
Evenes of revenue even eveness	<u>ቀ</u>	ф 602.044
Excess of revenue over expenses	<u>\$ 329,156</u>	\$ 602,941



JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

		Pension remeasurements and	2019	Invested in capital	Internally	
	<u>Unrestricted</u>	other items	Endowments	<u>assets</u>	restricted	<u>Total</u>
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 616,432	\$ (766,640)	\$ 85,580	\$ 1,016,051	\$ 1,099,497	\$ 2,050,920
(expenses over revenue) Endowment contributions	359,885	-	- 3,040	(30,729)	-	329,156 3,040
Pension remeasurements and other items (note 5) Interfund transfer (note 10)	(150,000)	(70,033) 		- - -	- - 150,000	(70,033)
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$ 826,317	<u>\$ (836,673)</u>	\$ 88,620	\$ 985,322	\$ 1,249,497	\$ 2,313,083
			2018			
		Pension remeasurements		Invested in		
		and		capital	Internally	
	<u>Unrestricted</u>	other items	<u>Endowments</u>	<u>assets</u>	<u>restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 362,002	\$ (686,830)	\$ 83,526	\$ 1,017,540	\$ 749,497	\$ 1,525,735
(expenses over revenue)	604,430	-	- 2.054	(1,489)	-	602,941
Endowment contributions Pension remeasurements and other items (note 5)	-	- (79,810)	2,054 -	-	-	2,054 (79,810)
Interfund transfer (note 10)	(350,000)				350,000	
Net assets (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ 616,432</u>	<u>\$ (766,640)</u>	\$ 85,580	<u>\$ 1,016,051</u>	\$ 1,099,497	\$ 2,050,920



JEWISH VOCATIONAL SERVICE OF METROPOLITAN TORONTO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$	329,156	\$	602,941
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization of capital assets		229,389		138,703
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		(189,979)		(104,780)
Pension expense	_	49,600		61,700
		418,166		698,564
Changes in non-cash working capital components:		(04.440)		07.040
Accounts receivable		(81,416)		67,612
Grants receivable		481,215	(1,236,678)
HST receivable		(18,209) 3,983		(39,080) 38,469
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,963 (370,480)		30,469
Deferred contributions		(370,460)		388,698
Deletted contributions		121,012		229,558
		121,012		229,330
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(502,911)		(739,785)
Decrease (increase) in deposit in trust accounts, net of transfers		21,843		(15,852)
		(481,068)		<u>(755,637</u>)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Deferred capital contributions received		494,230		462,998
Endowment contributions		3,040		2,054
Employer defined benefit pension contributions		(138,633)		(180,910)
py		358,637		284,142
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,419)		(241,937)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,580,001		1,821,938
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	1,578,582	\$ ^	1,580,001
·				
Supplemental non-coch information:				
Supplemental non-cash information: Disbursements (earnings) on deposits in trust accounts				
reported in deferred contributions, net	\$	21,843	\$	(15,852)
roported in deferred contributions, flet	Ψ	۷۱,040	Ψ	(10,002)



1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Jewish Vocational Service of Metropolitan Toronto (the "Agency") is an Ontario organization providing educational, counselling, assessment and employment services to individuals in the Greater Toronto Area. For Canadian income tax purposes, the Agency qualifies as a not-for-profit organization and a registered charity (registration number 107535015RR0001), which is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue recognition

The Agency follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. These contributions generally consist of grants and donations. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions, other than endowment contributions, are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in endowment net assets.

Fees for services and workshop sales are recorded when services have been rendered and payments are assured.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, and cashable guaranteed investment certificates.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost.

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value on the date of contribution. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Agency's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Annual amortization rates adopted by the Agency are applied on a straight-line basis as follows:

Building 40 years
Building improvements 20 years
Furniture and equipment 5 years
Computers 3 years
Leasehold improvements Term of lease



SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Cont'd.

Employee future benefits

The Agency has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

The cost of pensions earned by employees under the Defined Benefit Plan (the "Plan") is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method prorated on service and management's best estimate of expected plan investment performance, salary escalation and retirement ages. The Agency accrues its obligations as employees render the services necessary to earn the pensions.

The actuarial gains (losses) on Plan assets arising from the difference between the actual return on Plan assets for a period and the expected return on Plan assets for that period are immediately recognized in the statement of changes in net assets. Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arising from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in the actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation are immediately recognized in the statement of changes in net assets. Past service costs arising from Plan amendments are immediately recognized in the statement of changes in net assets.

The Agency recognizes an accrued benefit asset on the statement of financial position, which is the net of the amount of the accrued benefit obligations and the fair value of the Plan assets.

The cost of the defined contribution component is based on a percentage of the employee's pensionable earnings. An expense is recorded in the period in which the contributions are made.

Donated materials

Donated materials are recorded at fair value when fair value can reasonably be determined.

Contributed services

A number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the Agency's financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accounts where significant estimates are used involve the valuation of assets and obligations related to employee future benefits, allowance for doubtful accounts, and useful lives of capital assets. Actual results could differ from the estimates.



3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

acir and each equivalence metado are renerming.	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash Cashable guaranteed investment certificate bearing interest at 0.80% to 1.80% (2018 - 0.80%) per annum	\$ 379,582	\$ 1,330,001
	1,199,000	250,000
	\$ 1,578,582	<u>\$ 1,580,001</u>

4. AMOUNTS ON DEPOSIT IN TRUST ACCOUNTS

The Agency has an agreement with United Jewish Welfare Fund of Toronto ("UJWF") whereby UJWF maintains certain of the Agency's endowment funds in designated funds (the "Funds") as well as provides accounting with respect to the receipts, earnings and disbursements of the Funds. UJWF invests endowed and similar funds over which it has full investment discretion, in a pooled portfolio. The returns of these co-mingled accounts are averaged for purposes of allocations to the individual funds. The Agency has the right to appoint any registered charity, including the Agency itself, as successor to UJWF and accordingly, maintains control of the assets.

While the Funds are under the trusteeship of UJWF, UJWF is bound to apply the income and capital of the Funds exclusively in furtherance of the Agency's purposes as defined in the agreement. Although the Agency may provide written advice to UJWF regarding distributions of income and capital from the Funds, such advice is not binding on UJWF.

At March 31, 2019, the Funds had sustained an unrealized gain of \$2,736 (2018 - \$1,214) and investment earnings, net of fees, of \$7,420 (2018 - \$15,633), which are recorded in deferred contributions.

5. **EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFIT ASSET**

The Agency maintains a pension plan that consists of a defined benefit component and a defined contribution component. The defined benefit pension plan was closed for new entries as at November 1, 2002. All new employees after November 1, 2002 join the defined contribution component of the plan. Employees have the option to make contributions, which are matched at a specific rate by the Agency. The defined benefit component of the pension provides pension benefits based upon the best three consecutive years' earnings and years of service.

The actuarial determination of the accrued benefit obligation for the defined benefit plan is based on the December 31, 2015 funding valuation, extrapolated to March 31, 2019. The measurement date of the plan assets and accrued benefit obligation coincides with the Agency's fiscal year. The next required valuation as of December 31, 2018 is currently being prepared by the actuaries. Assumptions used to project the accrued benefit obligation were as follows:

- consumer price index increase 2.50%
- discount rate 5.50%
- salary increase 3.50%
- yearly maximum pensionable earnings increase 3.00%
- maximum pension increase 3.00%



5. **EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFIT ASSET** - Cont'd.

Accrued benefit asset is as follows:

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Accrued benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	•	3,821,500) 4,362,300	4,113,600) 4,635,400
Accrued benefit asset	\$	540,800	\$ 521,800
Continuity of the accrued benefit asset is as follows:			
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Balance, beginning of year Benefit expense Employer contributions Pension remeasurements and other items Balance, end of year	\$ 	521,800 (49,600) 138,633 (70,033) 540,800	\$ 482,400 (61,700) 180,910 (79,810) 521,800
The Agency's net benefit plan expenses are as follows:			
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current service cost Interest cost Defined benefit pension expense Defined contribution pension expense	\$ 	77,800 (28,200) 49,600 233,100	\$ 88,400 (26,700) 61,700 216,100
	\$	282,700	\$ 277,800

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of the following:

	2019		20)18
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Cost	Accumulated amortization
Land - 74 Tycos Drive Building - 74 Tycos Drive	\$ 645,000 717.001	\$ - 559.222	\$ 645,000 717.001	\$ - 546.545
Building improvements Furniture and equipment	1,223,687 821.086	364,515 578.747	1,208,100 683.917	303,720 529,432
Computers Leasehold improvements	167,871 588.078	62,394 180.089	692,314 245.764	681,834 124,414
Construction in progress	4,162,723	\$ 1,744,967	138,083 4,330,179	\$ 2,185,945
Less: accumulated amortization	(1,744,967)	<u> </u>	(2,185,945)	<u> </u>
	<u>\$ 2,417,756</u>		<u>\$ 2,144,234</u>	

7. **DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS**

Operating deferred contributions relate to unspent externally restricted operating funding received. Deferred contributions consist of the following:

	<u>Grants</u>	<u>Other</u>	2019 <u>Total</u>	2018 <u>Total</u>
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received Contribution revenue recognized	\$ 833,370 15,011,243 (15,713,873)	\$ 406,522 127,136 (154,043)	\$ 1,239,892 15,138,379 (15,867,916)	\$ 851,194 15,509,453 (15,120,755)
Balance, end of year	130,740	379,615	510,355	1,239,892
Less: Short-term	(548,030)	(167,506)	(715,536)	(1,014,085)
	\$ (417,290)	\$ 212,109	<u>\$ (205,181)</u>	\$ 225,807

8. **DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS**

Deferred capital contributions include the unamortized portions of restricted contributions with which capital assets were originally purchased. Deferred capital contributions consist of the following:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$ 1,128,183 494,230 (189,979)	\$ 769,965 462,998 (104,780)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1,432,434</u>	<u>\$ 1,128,183</u>

9. INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Capital assets Amounts financed by deferred capital contributions	\$ 2,417,756 _(1,432,434)	\$ 2,144,234 _(1,128,183)
	<u>\$ 985,322</u>	<u>\$ 1,016,051</u>

Net change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
\$ (229,389)	\$ (138,703)
189,979	104,780
(39,410)	(33,923)
502,911	739,785
(494,230)	(707,351)
8,681	32,434
<u>\$ (30,729)</u>	\$ <u>(1,489</u>)
	\$ (229,389)



10. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

The Board of Directors has internally restricted net assets for the future obligations of the Agency. These funds cannot be used for other purposes without the approval of the Board of Directors.

During the year, the Board of Directors approved the transfer of \$150,000 (2018 - \$350,000) from unrestricted net assets to internally restricted net assets.

11. GRANT REVENUE

Grant revenue consists of the following:

	<u>2019</u>	2010
Federal, provincial, municipal and other	\$ 14,900,163	\$ 14,399,555
UJA Federation of Greater Toronto	242,594	229,872
United Way Greater Toronto	<u>571,116</u>	<u>569,516</u>
	\$ 15,713,873	\$ 15,198,943

12. CREDIT FACILITY

The Agency has credit facilities available in the amount of \$900,000 (2018 - \$850,000). A revolving demand facility in the amount of \$800,000 (2018 - \$800,000) bears interest at the Royal Bank of Canada's prime rate plus 0.75%. VISA business card is available to a limit of \$100,000 (2018 - \$50,000) at prevailing VISA account rates. No amounts have been drawn on the revolving demand facility in 2017 or 2018.

The credit facilities are secured by the assignment of the fire insurance on the property at 74 Tycos Drive, Toronto, Ontario and collateral mortgage for \$250,000 constituting first fixed charge on lands and improvements of 74 Tycos Drive, Toronto, Ontario.

13. COMMITMENTS

The Agency has leases for premises and equipment expiring up to May 2025. The future minimum lease payments, excluding variable costs, required under these leases are as follows:

2020	\$ 398	,138
2021	206	,547
2022	172	,495
2023	152	,489
2024	78	,046
Thereafter	60	,629
	\$ 1.068	.344

14. **INDEMNITIES**

The Agency has undertaken to indemnify its past, present and future directors, officers, employees and volunteers against expenses (including legal expenses), judgments and any amount actually or reasonably incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding in which the directors are sued as a result of their service, if they acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Agency. The nature of the indemnity prevents the Agency from reasonably estimating the maximum exposure. The Agency has purchased directors' and officers' liability insurance with respect to this indemnification.



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15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Agency is exposed to and manages various risks resulting from its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Agency's risk exposure and concentrations.

Credit risk

The Agency is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The Agency's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the sum of the carrying value of its cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, grants receivable, and HST receivable. The Agency's cash and cash equivalents are deposited with Canadian chartered banks. As a result, management believes the risk of loss of cash and cash equivalents to be remote. The Agency manages its credit risk of accounts receivable by reviewing and following up on outstanding amounts, and providing for an allowance for doubtful accounts when necessary. Management believes that all accounts receivable, after providing for an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$16,440 (2018 - \$16,440), will be collected. Grants receivable and HST receivable consists of amounts due from the federal and provincial governments. As a result, Management believes there is minimal credit risk associated with these amounts.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Agency cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its financial obligations as they become due. The Agency manages its liquidity risk by preparing budgets and cash flow forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations. As a result, Management believes its exposure to liquidity risk is minimal.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

i) Currency risk

Currency risk refers to the risk that the fair value of instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate relative to the Canadian dollar due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Agency's financial instruments are all denominated in Canadian dollars and it transacts primarily in Canadian dollars. As a result, management does not believe it is exposed to significant currency risk.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated with the instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Agency's exposure to interest rate risk arises from its line of credit which bears a floating interest rate based on the bank prime rate. The Agency also has cash equivalents of guaranteed investment certificates but interest rate risk is minimal as it bears a fixed rate of interest. As a result, Management does not believe it is exposed to significant interest rate risk.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flows associated will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument, its issuers, or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. The Agency does not have investments in publicly traded securities, and therefore Management does not believe it is exposed to significant other price risk.

Changes in risk

There are no significant changes in the Agency's risk exposure from the prior year.

16. **COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Comparative figures have been reclassified where necessary to conform to the presentation adopted in the current year.

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